

Mathletes Problem of the Week #11

Counting to 100

100

The number 10 can be written as the sum of four consecutive integers: $1 + 2 + 3 + 4 = 10$. The number 100 can be written as the sum of five consecutive integers: $18 + 19 + 20 + 21 + 22 = 100$.

- Is there a way to write 100 as the sum of fewer than five consecutive integers? If so, show which integers you can use. If not, why not?
- What is the largest number of consecutive integers you can use to make 100? Which integers should you use?
- Now try 1000. What is the fewest number of consecutive integers needed to make 1000? Which integers should you use?
- What is the largest number of consecutive integers you can use to make 1000? Which integers should you use?

(Source: cemc.uwaterloo.ca)

Solutions & Explanations: (Try one or try them all. Show your solutions and explain your thinking here and on the back!)

Name _____ Class _____

(First and last name, please!)

Solutions due: February 28th