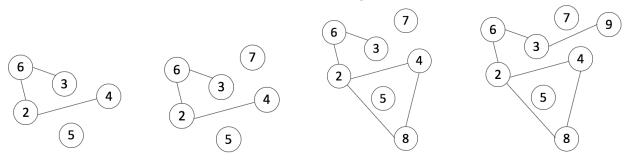
## **Factor Graphs**



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The figures above are factor graphs. The first factor graph was made by writing down the numbers 2 through 6 and then connecting each number to its factors with a line. Recall that a factor is a number you can divide a number evenly by. For example, 2 is a factor of 4 because two goes into four exactly two times ( $2 \times 2 = 4$ ). And 2 and 3 are factors of 6 because  $2 \times 3 = 6$ . The next factor graph contains the numbers 2 through 7. The third graph adds the number 8 and then the last one contains all the numbers from 2 through 9. Notice that the lines connecting numbers to their factors CANNOT cross!

a) Make a factor graph that contains the numbers 2 through 10. (*Remember, the lines connecting numbers to their factors cannot cross!* You can arrange the numbers however you like. You do not need to keep the arrangement from the factor graphs above.)

b) Can you make a factor graph with the numbers 2 through 12? (It might help to first make a list of all the factors of 12!)

c) How far can you go? (There is a point at which it becomes impossible. Can you find it?)

d) Why do you think we start a factor graph like this with the number 2 and not the number I?

**Solutions & Explanations:** (Try one or try them all! Show your solutions below and on the back.)

Name

(First and last name, please!)

Solutions due: May 16th